

Matthew

Bible Book:

40 of 66

First book of The Gospels

New Testament Book:

1 of 27



Author	Matthew	Key People	Jesus, Mary, Joseph, John the Baptist, the Disciples, Caiaphas, Pilate
Date Written	Approx 60-65 AD		
Written in	Koine Greek		

Book Summary:

The Gospel of Matthew presents a detailed account of the life, teachings, and ministry of Jesus Christ. Written by the apostle Matthew, a former tax collector who became one of Jesus' disciples, the book emphasizes Jesus as the long-awaited Messiah and King of Israel. It traces Jesus' genealogy, birth, early years, and the proclamation of the kingdom of God. The Gospel records Jesus' teachings through parables, sermons, and interactions with various individuals, highlighting themes of repentance, faith, love, and discipleship. It documents Jesus' miracles, culminating in His crucifixion, resurrection, and Great Commission to spread His message to all nations.

Favorite Stories:

- ✿ Birth of Jesus - Matthew 1 - 2
- ✿ Sermon on the Mount - Matthew 5 - 7
- ✿ The Lords Prayer - Matthew 6:5-14
- ✿ Jesus is Arrested - Matthew 26:47 - 27:26
- ✿ Jesus' Death & Resurrection - Matthew 27:32 - 28:7

Key Verses:

Seek the Kingdom of God above all else, and live righteously, and he will give you everything you need.

Matthew 6:33

Come to me, all of you who are weary and carry heavy burdens, and I will give you rest.

Matthew 11:28

Therefore, go and make disciples of all the nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit.

Matthew 28:19



Mark

Bible Book:

41 of 66

Second book of The Gospels

New Testament Book:

2 of 27



Author	John Mark	Key People	Jesus, the 12 Disciples, Pilate, the Jewish Leaders
Date Written	Approx 55-65 AD		
Written in	Koine Greek		

Book Summary:

The Gospel of Mark, the shortest of the four Gospels in the New Testament, presents a dynamic and fast-paced narrative of the life and ministry of Jesus Christ. Written by John Mark, a companion of the apostle Peter, the book focuses on Jesus' actions and miracles more than His teachings, portraying Him as the powerful and compassionate Son of God. The Gospel highlights Jesus' authority over demons, sickness, and nature, as well as His sacrificial journey toward Jerusalem and His eventual crucifixion. Mark emphasizes the humanity of Jesus and His servanthood, while also revealing His divine identity and mission. The Gospel concludes with the resurrection and the commissioning of the disciples to spread the Good News.

Favorite Stories:

- ✿ John the Baptist and Jesus - Mark 1:1-11
- ✿ Jesus Feeds 5000 - Mark 6:30-44
- ✿ The Paralyzed Man healed - Mark 2:1-12
- ✿ Jesus' Transfiguration - Mark 9:2-13
- ✿ Casting Demons into Pigs - Mark 5:1-20

Key Verses:

"What do you mean, 'If I can?'" Jesus asked. "Anything is possible if a person believes."

Mark 9:23

For even the Son of Man came not to be served but to serve others and to give his life as a ransom for many.

Mark 10:45

And you must love the Lord your God with all your heart, all your soul, all your mind, and all your strength.

Mark 12:30



Luke

Bible Book:

42 of 66

Third book of The Gospels

New Testament Book:

3 of 27



Author	Luke	Key People	Jesus, Elizabeth, Zechariah,
Date Written	Approx 60 AD		Mary, Joseph, the Disciples,
Written in	Koine Greek		Mary Magdalene

Book Summary:

The Gospel of Luke offers a comprehensive and detailed account of the life, teachings, and ministry of Jesus Christ. Written by Luke, a physician and companion of the apostle Paul, the Gospel presents a well-researched and orderly narrative that focuses on Jesus' compassion for the marginalized, His teachings on forgiveness and salvation, and His mission to bring salvation to all people. Luke includes unique stories such as the parables of the Good Samaritan and the Prodigal Son, as well as the accounts of the birth of John the Baptist and the nativity of Jesus. The Gospel underscores Jesus' role as the Savior, the fulfillment of Old Testament prophecies, and the offer of salvation through faith in Him.

Favorite Stories:

- ✿ The Birth of John the Baptist - Luke 1:1-26
- ✿ The Woman with Bleeding - Luke 8:40-48
- ✿ The Boy Jesus in the Temple - Luke 2:21-52
- ✿ The Good Samaritan - Luke 10:25-37
- ✿ Satan Tempts Jesus - Luke 4:1-13
- ✿ The Prodigal Son - Luke 15:11-32

Key Verses:

And the Holy Spirit, in bodily form, descended on him like a dove. And a voice from heaven said, "You are my dearly loved Son, and you bring me great joy."

Luke 3:22

The Spirit of the Lord is upon me, for he has anointed me to bring Good News to the poor. He has sent me to proclaim that captives will be released, that the blind will see, that the oppressed will be set free

Luke 4:18

Do not judge others, and you will not be judged. Do not condemn others, or it will all come back against you. Forgive others, and you will be forgiven.

Luke 6:37

Wherever your treasure is, there the desires of your heart will also be.

Luke 12:34



John

Bible Book:

43 of 66

Fourth book of The Gospels

New Testament Book:

4 of 27



Author	John	Key People	Jesus, John the Baptist, Mary, Martha, Lazarus, the Disciples, Pilate
Date Written	Approx 85-90 AD		
Written in	Koine Greek		

Book Summary:

The Gospel of John offers a unique and profound perspective on the life, teachings, and nature of Jesus Christ. Written by the apostle John, the book focuses on Jesus as the eternal word of God who became flesh to bring light and life to humanity. Through a series of "signs" and discourses, the Gospel highlights Jesus' divinity, his identity as the Son of God, and the offer of eternal life through belief in Him. John's Gospel includes powerful narratives like the wedding at Cana, the raising of Lazarus, and the Last Supper, as well as extensive teachings on love, faith, and the role of the Holy Spirit. It culminates in the profound accounts of Jesus' crucifixion, resurrection, and his interactions with the disciples.

Favorite Stories:

- ✿ Water into Wine - John 2:1-12
- ✿ Lazarus Raised from the Dead - John 11:38-44
- ✿ The Last Supper - John 13:21-17:26
- ✿ Jesus Appears to Mary and the Disciples - John 20:11-21:14

Key Verses:

For this is how God loved the world: He gave his one and only Son, so that everyone who believes in him will not perish but have eternal life.

John 3:16

The thief's purpose is to steal and kill and destroy. My purpose is to give them a rich and satisfying life.

John 10:10

I am the way, the truth, and the life. No one can come to the Father except through me.

John 14:6

Here on earth you will have many trials and sorrows. But take heart, because I have overcome the world.

John 16:33



Acts

Bible Book:

44 of 66

Book of Church History

New Testament Book:

5 of 27



Author	Luke	Key People	Peter, John, James,
Date Written	63 -70 AD		Stephen, Philip, Paul,
Written in	Koine Greek		Barnabus, Timothy, Silas

Book Summary:

The Book of Acts is a continuation of the Gospel of Luke, written by the same author. It records the early days of the Christian church and the events following Jesus' ascension. The book begins with the outpouring of the Holy Spirit at Pentecost, which empowers the disciples to proclaim the Gospel message and perform miracles. It chronicles the growth of the early Christian community, the spread of the message to different cultures and nations, and the challenges faced by the apostles and early believers, including persecution and internal disputes.

The conversion of Saul (later known as the apostle Paul) and his subsequent missionary journeys are prominent features of the narrative. The Book of Acts portrays the establishment of Christian communities, the role of the Holy Spirit in guiding the church, and the fulfillment of Jesus' Great Commission to make disciples of all nations.

Favorite Stories:

- ✿ The Day of Pentecost - Acts 2:1-41
- ✿ Saul's Conversion - Acts 9:1-18
- ✿ Paul and Silas in Prison - Acts 16:16-40
- ✿ Paul and the Poisonous Snake - Acts 28:1-6

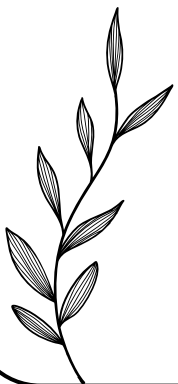
Key Verses:

But you will receive power when the Holy Spirit comes upon you. And you will be my witnesses, telling people about me everywhere—in Jerusalem, throughout Judea, in Samaria, and to the ends of the earth.

Acts 1:8

Peter replied, "Each of you must repent of your sins and turn to God, and be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ for the forgiveness of your sins. Then you will receive the gift of the Holy Spirit."

Acts 2:38



Romans

Bible Book:

45 of 66

First book of Letters

New Testament Book:

6 of 27



Author	Paul	Key People	Paul, Timothy, Phoebe, Priscilla, Aquila
Date Written	Approx 57 AD		
Written in	Koine Greek		

Book Summary:

The Book of Romans, written by the apostle Paul, is a letter addressed to the Christian community in Rome. The letter explains key aspects of the Gospel message, salvation, and the relationship between faith and righteousness. Paul lays out the complexity of sin and the need for redemption through faith in Jesus Christ. He highlights how justification is attained through faith, not works of the law, and explores the implications of God's grace and the indwelling of the Holy Spirit in the believer's life. The epistle delves into themes of God's sovereignty, the role of Israel in God's plan, ethical conduct, and the call to live out one's faith in practical ways. The Book of Romans provides a foundational understanding of Christian theology and ethics, underscoring the importance of faith, grace, and the transformative power of the Gospel in the lives of believers.

Key Verses:

For everyone has sinned; we all fall short of God's glorious standard.

Romans 3:23

And we know that God causes everything to work together for the good of those who love God and are called according to his purpose for them.

Romans 8:28

If you openly declare that Jesus is Lord and believe in your heart that God raised him from the dead, you will be saved.

Romans 10:9

Don't copy the behavior and customs of this world, but let God transform you into a new person by changing the way you think. Then you will learn to know God's will for you, which is good and pleasing and perfect.

Romans 12:2



1 Corinthians

Bible Book:

46 of 66

Second book of Letters

New Testament Book:

7 of 27



Author

Paul

Key People

Paul, Timothy

Date Written

Approx 55 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The First Epistle to the Corinthians, written by the apostle Paul, is a letter addressed to the Christian community in Corinth. The letter addresses a wide range of issues and challenges faced by the Corinthians, including divisions within the church, moral and ethical concerns, improper use of spiritual gifts, and questions about resurrection. Paul offers guidance and correction, emphasizing the importance of unity, love, and the centrality of Christ in the Christian life. He provides teachings on marriage, spiritual gifts, and the importance of the resurrection in the context of the believer's hope. The letter underscores the significance of faith, love, and the pursuit of godly living, while encouraging believers to put their trust in Christ as the foundation for their faith and conduct.

Key Verses:

Don't you realize that your body is the temple of the Holy Spirit, who lives in you and was given to you by God? You do not belong to yourself, for God bought you with a high price. So you must honor God with your body.

1 Corinthians 6:19-20

The temptations in your life are no different from what others experience. And God is faithful. He will not allow the temptation to be more than you can stand. When you are tempted, he will show you a way out so that you can endure.

1 Corinthians 10:13

The human body has many parts, but the many parts make up one whole body. So it is with the body of Christ.

1 Corinthians 12:12

Love is patient and kind. Love is not jealous or boastful or proud or rude. It does not demand its own way. It is not irritable, and it keeps no record of being wronged.

1 Corinthians 13:4-5



2 Corinthians

Bible Book:

47 of 66

Third book of Letters

New Testament Book:

8 of 27



Author

Paul

Key People

Paul, Timothy, Titus

Date Written

Approx 55-57 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Second Epistle to the Corinthians addresses issues arising from Paul's previous correspondence and his relationship with the Corinthians. Paul defends his apostolic authority and discusses his own suffering and hardships for the sake of the Gospel. He urges the Corinthians to engage in sincere repentance and reconciliation, emphasizing the importance of living as new creations in Christ. Paul also discusses the nature of authentic ministry, the role of suffering, and the significance of generosity in the context of supporting fellow believers. The letter reveals Paul's deep concern for the spiritual growth and well-being of the Corinthians, as he seeks to guide them toward a more mature and genuine expression of their faith in Christ.

Key Verses:

For the Lord is the Spirit, and wherever the Spirit of the Lord is, there is freedom.

2 Corinthians 3:17

So we don't look at the troubles we can see now; rather, we fix our gaze on things that cannot be seen. For the things we see now will soon be gone, but the things we cannot see will last forever.

2 Corinthians 4:18

This means that anyone who belongs to Christ has become a new person. The old life is gone; a new life has begun!

2 Corinthians 5:17

Each time he said, "My grace is all you need. My power works best in weakness." So now I am glad to boast about my weaknesses, so that the power of Christ can work through me.

2 Corinthians 12:9



Galatians

Bible Book:

48 of 66

Fourth book of Letters

New Testament Book:

9 of 27



Author	Paul	Key People	Paul, Peter, Barnabus, Titus
Date Written	Approx 49 AD	Written in	Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Epistle to the Galatians is a passionate letter addressed to the churches in Galatia. It centers on the crucial theme of salvation by grace through faith rather than through adherence to the Jewish law. Paul addresses the issue of Judaizers who were advocating for the necessity of circumcision and legalistic observance of the law for salvation. He vehemently defends the Gospel of grace, asserting that salvation is a gift from God received through faith in Jesus Christ alone. Paul emphasizes the believer's freedom in Christ and the transformative power of the Holy Spirit. The letter underscores the importance of living by the Spirit rather than the flesh, and it challenges readers to stand firm in the liberating truth of the Gospel and to embrace their identity as children of God.

Key Verses:

My old self has been crucified with Christ. It is no longer I who live, but Christ lives in me. So I live in this earthly body by trusting in the Son of God, who loved me and gave himself for me.

Galatians 2:20

There is no longer Jew or Gentile, slave or free, male and female. For you are all one in Christ Jesus.

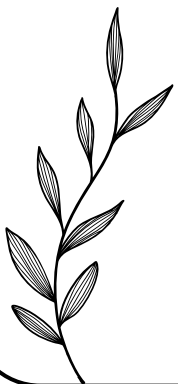
Galatians 3:28

But the Holy Spirit produces this kind of fruit in our lives: love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faithfulness, gentleness, and self-control.

Galatians 5:22-23

So let's not get tired of doing what is good. At just the right time we will reap a harvest of blessing if we don't give up.

Galatians 6:9



Ephesians

Bible Book:

49 of 66

Fifth book of Letters

New
Testament Book:

10 of 27



Author

Paul

Key People

Paul, Tychicus

Date Written

Approx 60 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Epistle to the Ephesians, written by the apostle Paul, is a letter addressed to the church in Ephesus and other surrounding churches. It emphasizes the unity of believers in Christ and God's grand plan of redemption. Paul expounds on the profound spiritual blessings that believers receive through their union with Christ, highlighting themes of predestination, adoption, and the indwelling of the Holy Spirit. He emphasizes the importance of living in harmony, displaying the fruit of the Spirit, and walking in love and unity as part of the body of Christ. The letter provides practical instructions for Christian living, including the roles of husbands and wives, children and parents, and slaves and masters. It also equips believers with spiritual armor to stand against spiritual opposition.

Favorite Stories:

☀️ The Armor of God - Ephesians 6:10-18

Key Verses:

Now all glory to God, who is able, through his mighty power at work within us, to accomplish infinitely more than we might ask or think.

Ephesians 3:20

For there is one body and one Spirit, just as you have been called to one glorious hope for the future. There is one Lord, one faith, one baptism, one God and Father of all, who is over all, in all, and living through all.

Ephesians 4:4-6

For we are not fighting against flesh-and-blood enemies, but against evil rulers and authorities of the unseen world, against mighty powers in this dark world, and against evil spirits in the heavenly places.

Ephesians 6:12



Philippians

Bible Book:

50 of 66

Sixth book of Letters

New Testament Book:

11 of 27



Author

Paul

Key People

Paul, Timothy, Euodia

Date Written

Approx 61 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Epistle to the Philippians is a letter written to the church in Philippi. It is characterized by its themes of joy, gratitude, and unity in Christ. Paul expresses his affection for the Philippian believers and commends their partnership in the Gospel. He encourages them to continue in humility and selflessness, using the example of Christ's humility as a model. The letter addresses potential divisions and encourages believers to be of one mind and to press on toward spiritual maturity. Paul emphasizes the surpassing value of knowing Christ and the power of His resurrection. The letter provides guidance on practical living, contentment, and reliance on God's strength in all circumstances. Throughout the book, Paul's words convey a sense of joy and confidence in Christ's transformative work and the ultimate hope of believers.

Key Verses:

And I am certain that God, who began the good work within you, will continue his work until it is finally finished on the day when Christ Jesus returns.

Philippians 1:6

Always be full of joy in the Lord. I say it again—rejoice!

Philippians 4:4

Don't worry about anything; instead, pray about everything. Tell God what you need, and thank him for all he has done. Then you will experience God's peace, which exceeds anything we can understand. His peace will guard your hearts and minds as you live in Christ Jesus.

Philippians 4:6-7

For I can do everything through Christ, who gives me strength.

Philippians 4:13



Colossians

Bible Book:

51 of 66

Seventh book of Letters

New
Testament Book:

12 of 27



Author	Paul	Key People	Paul, Timothy, Tychicus, Onesimus
Date Written	Approx 60 AD		
Written in	Koine Greek		

Book Summary:

The Epistle to the Colossians is a letter addressed to the church in Colossae. The letter addresses the dangers of false teachings and emphasizes the preeminence and sufficiency of Christ. Paul counters the influences of human philosophy and false spirituality, affirming Christ's role as the Creator, sustainer, and redeemer of all things. He encourages believers to set their minds on things above, to put off the old self, and to put on the new self in Christ. The letter offers practical guidance for Christian living within various relationships, including family and work. Paul underscores the importance of unity and the transformative impact of Christ's Gospel, urging believers to stand firm in their faith and to embrace the fullness of life found in Christ alone.

Key Verses:

Christ is the visible image of the invisible God. He existed before anything was created and is supreme over all creation, for through him God created everything in the heavenly realms and on earth. He made the things we can see and the things we can't see—such as thrones, kingdoms, rulers, and authorities in the unseen world. Everything was created through him and for him.

Colossians 1:15-16

Since you have been raised to new life with Christ, set your sights on the realities of heaven, where Christ sits in the place of honor at God's right hand.

Colossians 3:1

Work willingly at whatever you do, as though you were working for the Lord rather than for people.

Colossians 3:23

Devote yourselves to prayer with an alert mind and a thankful heart.

Colossians 4:2



1 Thessalonians

Bible Book:

52 of 66

Eighth book of Letters

New
Testament Book:

13 of 27



Author

Paul

Key People

Paul, Timothy, Silas

Date Written

Approx 51 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The First Epistle to the Thessalonians is a letter written to the church in Thessalonica. It emphasizes themes of faith, hope, and love amidst persecution and challenges. Paul expresses his gratitude for the Thessalonian believers' steadfastness and shares his desire to encourage and strengthen their faith. He addresses topics such as the resurrection, Christ's return, and living a life pleasing to God. Paul offers practical guidance for holy living, loving relationships, and avoiding idleness. He also provides comfort and assurance to those mourning the death of fellow believers, assuring them of the hope of resurrection and eternal life. The letter's overarching message is one of hope in Christ's return and the transformative power of the Gospel in the lives of believers, encouraging them to live in anticipation of the day of the Lord.

Key Verses:

For since we believe that Jesus died and was raised to life again, we also believe that when Jesus returns, God will bring back with him the believers who have died.

1 Thessalonians 4:14

Always be joyful. Never stop praying. Be thankful in all circumstances, for this is God's will for you who belong to Christ Jesus.

1 Thessalonians 5:16-18



2 Thessalonians

Bible Book:

53 of 66

Ninth book of Letters

New
Testament Book:

14 of 27



Author

Paul

Key People

Paul, Timothy, Silas

Date Written

Approx 51-52 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Second Epistle to the Thessalonians is a letter addressed to the church in Thessalonica. It builds upon the themes of faith and perseverance in the face of persecution, while also addressing concerns about the second coming of Christ. Paul clarifies misunderstandings and false teachings that had arisen, emphasizing the necessity of remaining steadfast and focused on the truth of the Gospel. He provides reassurance that Christ's return will bring judgment to those who oppose God and comfort to believers who endure. The letter encourages believers to continue working diligently and to avoid idleness, highlighting the importance of living in a manner worthy of their calling.

Key Verses:

But the Lord is faithful; he will strengthen you and guard you from the evil one.

2 Thessalonians 3:3

May the Lord lead your hearts into a full understanding and expression of the love of God and the patient endurance that comes from Christ.

2 Thessalonians 3:5



1 Timothy

Bible Book:

54 of 66

Tenth book of Letters

New Testament Book:

15 of 27



Author

Paul

Key People

Paul, Timothy

Date Written

Approx 64 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The First Epistle to Timothy is a pastoral letter written to Timothy, a young leader in the church. The letter addresses issues of church leadership, false teachings, and proper conduct. Paul provides guidance on the qualifications and responsibilities of overseers and deacons, and he emphasizes the importance of sound doctrine and the proper administration of the church. The letter encourages Timothy to teach with authority, to model godliness, and to address false teachings that had arisen in the church. Paul emphasizes the role of prayer, the pursuit of righteousness, and the importance of contentment. He urges Timothy to exercise his spiritual gifts and to set an example for believers in both speech and conduct.

Key Verses:

This is a trustworthy saying, and everyone should accept it: "Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners"—and I am the worst of them all.

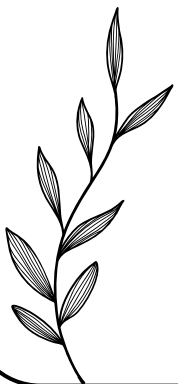
1 Timothy 1:15

For there is one God and one Mediator who can reconcile God and humanity—the man Christ Jesus.

1 Timothy 2:5

Don't let anyone think less of you because you are young. Be an example to all believers in what you say, in the way you live, in your love, your faith, and your purity.

1 Timothy 4:12



2 Timothy

Bible Book:

55 of 66

Eleventh book of Letters

New Testament Book:

16 of 27



Author	Paul	Key People	Paul, Timothy, Luke, Mark
Date Written	Approx 66-67 AD	Written in	Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Second Epistle to Timothy is a personal letter written by Paul to Timothy, his young protégé and fellow minister. Written near the end of Paul's life, the letter addresses themes of endurance, faithfulness, and passing on the Gospel legacy. Paul encourages Timothy to remain steadfast in the face of challenges, to continue preaching the Word, and to endure suffering for the sake of Christ. He emphasizes the importance of sound doctrine and the proper handling of Scripture. The letter reflects on Paul's own experiences and suffering for the Gospel, offering Timothy encouragement to persevere in his ministry. Paul also speaks of his impending death, expressing a sense of fulfillment in his service to Christ. The letter carries a sense of spiritual inheritance and the importance of preserving the faith for future generations, encouraging Timothy to remain faithful to the truth of the Gospel and to entrust it to reliable individuals.

Key Verses:

For God has not given us a spirit of fear and timidity, but of power, love, and self-discipline.

2 Timothy 1:7

So never be ashamed to tell others about our Lord. And don't be ashamed of me, either, even though I'm in prison for him. With the strength God gives you, be ready to suffer with me for the sake of the Good News.

2 Timothy 1:8

All Scripture is inspired by God and is useful to teach us what is true and to make us realize what is wrong in our lives. It corrects us when we are wrong and teaches us to do what is right.

2 Timothy 3:16



Titus

Bible Book:

56 of 66

Twelfth book of Letters

New Testament Book:

17 of 27



Author

Paul

Key People

Paul, Titus

Date Written

Approx 64 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The book of Titus is a letter written to Titus, a fellow worker and leader in the early church. The letter addresses the importance of church leadership, the establishment of sound doctrine, and the promotion of godly living within the Christian community. Paul instructs Titus on the qualifications and responsibilities of elders, urging them to be examples of good character and effective teaching. He emphasizes the transformative power of God's grace and the need for believers to live in accordance with their faith. The letter addresses issues related to Christian conduct, humility, submission, and respect for authorities. Paul also warns against false teachings and divisive individuals, encouraging Titus to promote unity and the growth of a healthy church community.

Key Verses:

This truth gives them confidence that they have eternal life, which God—who does not lie—promised them before the world began.

Titus 1:2

He saved us, not because of the righteous things we had done, but because of his mercy. He washed away our sins, giving us a new birth and new life through the Holy Spirit.

Titus 3:5



Philemon

Bible Book:

57 of 66

Thirteenth book of Letters

New Testament Book:

18 of 27



Author

Paul

Key People

Paul, Philemon, Onesimus

Date Written

Approx 60 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Epistle to Philemon is a personal letter written to Philemon, a Christian believer, regarding his slave Onesimus. The letter addresses the issue of Onesimus, who had escaped from Philemon and become a Christian under Paul's ministry. Paul appeals to Philemon to receive Onesimus back not just as a slave but as a beloved brother in Christ, urging him to forgive any wrongs and treat Onesimus with love and respect. The letter emphasizes the transformative power of the Gospel to break down social barriers and promote reconciliation and unity. Paul's plea for compassion and forgiveness reflects the principles of Christian love and highlights the importance of viewing fellow believers through the lens of their shared faith in Christ.

Key Verses:

It seems you lost Onesimus for a little while so that you could have him back forever. He is no longer like a slave to you. He is more than a slave, for he is a beloved brother, especially to me. Now he will mean much more to you, both as a man and as a brother in the Lord.

Philemon 1:15-16



Hebrews

Bible Book:

58 of 66

Fourteenth book of Letters

New Testament Book:

19 of 27



Author	Unknown	Key People	Old Testament Men & Women of Faith
Date Written	Approx 70 AD		
Written in	Koine Greek		

Book Summary:

The Epistle to the Hebrews is a powerful and intricate letter in the New Testament. Addressed to Jewish believers, it presents a comprehensive argument that Jesus Christ is the fulfillment of Old Testament prophecies and the ultimate High Priest who offers a superior covenant and sacrifice. The letter delves into the supremacy of Christ over angels, Moses, and the Levitical priesthood, highlighting His role as the mediator of a new and better covenant. The author stresses the importance of faith, perseverance, and the sufficiency of Christ's sacrifice for forgiveness of sins. The Epistle to the Hebrews encourages readers to hold fast to their faith in Christ, to endure trials, and to anchor their hope in the eternal promises of God through His Son.

Key Verses:

For the word of God is alive and powerful. It is sharper than the sharpest two-edged sword, cutting between soul and spirit, between joint and marrow. It exposes our innermost thoughts and desires.

Hebrews 4:12

This High Priest of ours understands our weaknesses, for he faced all of the same testings we do, yet he did not sin.

Hebrews 4:15

Faith shows the reality of what we hope for; it is the evidence of things we cannot see.

Hebrews 11:1

Therefore, since we are surrounded by such a huge crowd of witnesses to the life of faith, let us strip off every weight that slows us down, especially the sin that so easily trips us up. And let us run with endurance the race God has set before us.

Hebrews 12:1



James

Bible Book:

59 of 66

Fifteenth book of Letters

New Testament Book:

20 of 27



Author

James

Date Written

Approx 49 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Epistle of James, traditionally attributed to James the brother of Jesus, is a practical and ethical letter in the New Testament. Addressed to Jewish believers, it emphasizes the integration of faith and actions in the Christian life. The letter confronts issues of favoritism, social injustice, and the misuse of wealth, urging believers to live out their faith through compassionate deeds and righteous living.

James underscores the importance of controlling one's tongue, demonstrating wisdom from above, and seeking humility in all interactions. He highlights the need for perseverance in the face of trials and for genuine faith that produces fruit in a transformed lifestyle.

Key Verses:

Dear brothers and sisters, when troubles of any kind come your way, consider it an opportunity for great joy. For you know that when your faith is tested, your endurance has a chance to grow. So let it grow, for when your endurance is fully developed, you will be perfect and complete, needing nothing.

James 1:2-4

You must all be quick to listen, slow to speak, and slow to get angry.

James 1:19

So humble yourselves before God. Resist the devil, and he will flee from you. Come close to God, and God will come close to you.

James 4:7-8

Confess your sins to each other and pray for each other so that you may be healed. The earnest prayer of a righteous person has great power and produces wonderful results.

James 5:16



1 Peter

Bible Book:

60 of 66

Sixteenth book of Letters

New Testament Book:

21 of 27



Author

Peter

Key People

Peter, Silas, Mark

Date Written

Approx 64 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The First Epistle of Peter is a letter addressed to dispersed Christian communities facing persecution and trials. The letter provides encouragement and guidance for believers living in difficult circumstances. Peter emphasizes the hope of salvation through Christ's resurrection, the believers' status as a chosen people, and the call to live as foreigners and strangers in the world. He addresses themes of suffering, submission to authorities, and humility, while urging believers to stand firm in their faith. The letter encourages mutual love and service within the Christian community and calls for a Christ-like response to suffering. Peter provides practical advice for holy living and for bearing witness to Christ amidst adversity.

Key Verses:

You love him even though you have never seen him. Though you do not see him now, you trust him; and you rejoice with a glorious, inexpressible joy.

1 Peter 1:8

Yes, you who trust him recognize the honor God has given him. But for those who reject him, "The stone that the builders rejected has now become the cornerstone."

1 Peter 2:7

Give all your worries and cares to God, for he cares about you.

1 Peter 5:7



2 Peter

Bible Book:

61 of 66

Seventeenth book of Letters

New Testament Book:

22 of 27



Author

Peter

Key People

Peter, Paul

Date Written

Approx 67 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Second Epistle of Peter is a letter that addresses issues of false teaching and the urgency of sound doctrine in the Christian faith. Written near the end of Peter's life, the letter warns against false prophets and teachers who distort the truth and lead believers astray. Peter underscores the reliability of scripture and the certainty of Christ's second coming, urging believers to live holy and godly lives in light of these truths. He emphasizes the importance of spiritual growth, vigilance against deception, and the need for a steadfast faith. The letter encourages believers to persevere in their faith, to embrace God's patience and mercy, and to grow in the knowledge of Christ.

Key Verses:

By his divine power, God has given us everything we need for living a godly life. We have received all of this by coming to know him, the one who called us to himself by means of his marvelous glory and excellence.

2 Peter 1:3

The Lord isn't really being slow about his promise, as some people think. No, he is being patient for your sake. He does not want anyone to be destroyed, but wants everyone to repent.

2 Peter 3:9



1 John

Eighteenth book of Letters

Bible Book:

62 of 66

New Testament Book:

23 of 27



Author	John	Key People	John, Jesus
Date Written	Approx 85-90 AD	Written in	Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The First Epistle of John is a letter that emphasizes the themes of love, fellowship, and the assurance of salvation in Christ. The letter addresses believers as "children of God" and calls them to walk in the light, living in obedience to God's commandments and displaying genuine love for one another. John contrasts the concepts of light and darkness, truth and deception, love and hatred, and highlights the transformative impact of Christ's sacrifice. He stresses the importance of testing the spirits and discerning false teachings. The letter reassures believers of their forgiveness and salvation through Christ, while encouraging them to remain steadfast in their faith and to cultivate a life characterized by love and righteousness.

Key Verses:

But if we confess our sins to him, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins and to cleanse us from all wickedness.

1 John 1:9

See how very much our Father loves us, for he calls us his children, and that is what we are! But the people who belong to this world don't recognize that we are God's children because they don't know him.

1 John 3:1



2 John

Bible Book:

63 of 66

Nineteenth book of Letters

New
Testament Book:

24 of 27



Author

John

Key People

John

Date Written

Approx 85-90 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Second Epistle of John is a brief letter addressed to a chosen lady and her children. It emphasizes the importance of truth, love, and obedience in the Christian life. John encourages the recipients to walk in the commandments of God, highlighting the significance of love for both God and fellow believers. He warns against false teachers and instructs believers not to provide support or hospitality to those who deviate from the true doctrine of Christ. The letter underscores the balance between truth and love, emphasizing the role of discernment in maintaining the integrity of the Gospel message.

Key Verses:

Love means doing what God has commanded us, and he has commanded us to love one another, just as you heard from the beginning.

2 John 6



3 John

Bible Book:

64 of 66

Twentieth book of Letters

New
Testament Book:

25 of 27



Author

John

Key People

John, Gaius, Diotrephes

Date Written

Approx 85-90 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

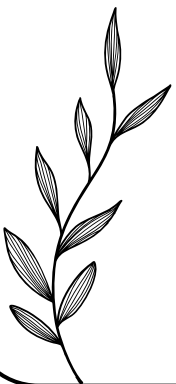
Book Summary:

The Third Epistle of John is a personal letter addressed to Gaius, a faithful believer. The letter commends Gaius for his hospitality and support of traveling missionaries who were spreading the Gospel. John praises Gaius' commitment to truth and love within the Christian community. However, the letter also addresses a negative example, Diotrephes, who refused to cooperate with the traveling missionaries and displayed a divisive spirit. John encourages Gaius to continue in his good work and not to imitate the negative behavior. The book of third John highlights the importance of supporting those who promote the Gospel and maintaining a hospitable and loving spirit within the body of believers.

Key Verses:

Some of the traveling teachers recently returned and made me very happy by telling me about your faithfulness and that you are living according to the truth. I could have no greater joy than to hear that my children are following the truth.

3 John 3-4



Jude

Twenty First book of Letters



Bible Book:

65 of 66

New
Testament Book:

26 of 27

Author

Jude

Key People

Jude, James, Jesus

Date Written

Approx 65 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Epistle of Jude is a passionate and urgent letter addressed to believers. It addresses the threat of false teachers and encourages believers to contend earnestly for the faith once delivered to the saints. Jude uses strong language to condemn the immoral behavior and teachings of these false teachers, drawing parallels to various Old Testament examples and prophetic warnings. The letter emphasizes the sovereignty of God, the authority of Christ, and the importance of maintaining doctrinal purity and moral integrity. Jude encourages believers to build themselves up in their faith, to pray in the Holy Spirit, and to show compassion toward those who doubt.

Key Verses:

Dear friends, I had been eagerly planning to write to you about the salvation we all share. But now I find that I must write about something else, urging you to defend the faith that God has entrusted once for all time to his holy people.

Jude 3



Revelation

Bible Book:

66 of 66

The book of Prophecy

New Testament Book:

27 of 27



Author

John

Key People

John, Jesus

Date Written

Approx 95 AD

Written in

Koine Greek

Book Summary:

The Book of Revelation is a highly symbolic and apocalyptic work attributed to the apostle John. It offers a visionary account of divine revelations received by John while exiled on the island of Patmos. Through a series of vivid and symbolic images, it portrays the unveiling of divine mysteries, the conflict between good and evil, and the eventual establishment of God's eternal kingdom. The book includes messages to seven churches, descriptions of heavenly worship, and visions of the end times, including the final judgment, the defeat of evil, and the ultimate victory of Christ. While the book can be challenging to interpret, its overarching message is one of hope, faithfulness, and the triumph of God's plan for redemption and restoration.

Key Verses:

"I am the Alpha and the Omega—the beginning and the end," says the Lord God. "I am the one who is, who always was, and who is still to come—the Almighty One."

Revelation 1:8

"Look! I stand at the door and knock. If you hear my voice and open the door, I will come in, and we will share a meal together as friends."

Revelation 3:20

After this I saw a vast crowd, too great to count, from every nation and tribe and people and language, standing in front of the throne and before the Lamb. They were clothed in white robes and held palm branches in their hands. And they were shouting with a great roar, "Salvation comes from our God who sits on the throne and from the Lamb!"

Revelation 7:9-10

Then I saw a new heaven and a new earth, for the old heaven and the old earth had disappeared. And the sea was also gone.

Revelation 21:1

